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APPLICATION NO.	F	LING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
09/520,853	03/07/2000		Michael O'Doherty	584-1022	584-1022 8975	
23644	7590	08/29/2005		EXAM	EXAMINER	
BARNES & P.O. BOX 2	NES & THORNBURG OX 2786 LESNIEWSKI, VICTOR D				I, VICTOR D	
CHICAGO,		0-2786		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
	·			2152		

DATE MAILED: 08/29/2005

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)	
\ Advisory Action	09/520,853	O'DOHERTY, MICHAEL	
Before the Filing of an Appeal Brief	Examiner	Art Unit	<u> </u>
•	Victor Lesniewski	2152	
The MAILING DATE of this communication appe	ears on the cover sheet with the c	correspondence add	 ress
THE REPLY FILED 06 July 2005 FAILS TO PLACE THIS APP			
1. The reply was filed after a final rejection, but prior to or or this application, applicant must timely file one of the follow places the application in condition for allowance; (2) a Not a Request for Continued Examination (RCE) in compliant time periods:	n the same day as filing a Notice of wing replies: (1) an amendment, aff otice of Appeal (with appeal fee) in o ce with 37 CFR 1.114. The reply mo	Appeal. To avoid aba idavit, or other evider compliance with 37 C	nce, which FR 41.31; or (3)
a) The period for reply expiresmonths from the mailin b) The period for reply expires on: (1) the mailing date of this A	-	in the final rejection, wh	ichever is later. In
no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire I Examiner Note: If box 1 is checked, check either box (a) or TWO MONTHS OF THE FINAL REJECTION. See MPEP 7 Extensions of time may be obtained under 37 CFR 1.136(a). The date have been filed is the date for purposes of determining the period of exunder 37 CFR 1.17(a) is calculated from: (1) the expiration date of the set forth in (b) above, if checked. Any reply received by the Office late may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b) NOTICE OF APPEAL	later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing (b). ONLY CHECK BOX (b) WHEN THE 106.07(f). In on which the petition under 37 CFR 1.1 dension and the corresponding amount shortened statutory period for reply origor than three months after the mailing da	g date of the final rejecting FIRST REPLY WAS For the second of the second of the final Official Second of the fee. The second of the fee. The second of the final Official Of	on. ILED WITHIN te extension fee iate extension fee ice action; or (2) as
2. The Notice of Appeal was filed on A brief in compliing the Notice of Appeal (37 CFR 41.37(a)), or any external a Notice of Appeal has been filed, any reply must be filed.	ension thereof (37 CFR 41.37(e)), to	avoid dismissal of th	
AMENDMENTS			
 The proposed amendment(s) filed after a final rejection, They raise new issues that would require further co They raise the issue of new matter (see NOTE below) They are not deemed to place the application in be appeal; and/or They present additional claims without canceling a 	onsideration and/or search (see NO ow); tter form for appeal by materially re	TE below); ducing or simplifying	
NOTE: (See 37 CFR 1.116 and 41.33(a)).		ected ciaims.	
4. The amendments are not in compliance with 37 CFR 1.1		mpliant Amendment	(PTOL-324).
5. Applicant's reply has overcome the following rejection(s		•	
6. Newly proposed or amended claim(s) would be a non-allowable claim(s).	llowable if submitted in a separate,	timely filed amendme	ent canceling the
7. For purposes of appeal, the proposed amendment(s): a) how the new or amended claims would be rejected is pro The status of the claim(s) is (or will be) as follows: Claim(s) allowed: Claim(s) objected to: Claim(s) rejected: Claim(s) withdrawn from consideration:		II be entered and an e	explanation of
AFFIDAVIT OR OTHER EVIDENCE			
8. The affidavit or other evidence filed after a final action, be because applicant failed to provide a showing of good an was not earlier presented. See 37 CFR 1.116(e).	ut before or on the date of filing a N nd sufficient reasons why the affiday	otice of Appeal will <u>no</u> vit or other evidence is	ot be entered s necessary and
9. The affidavit or other evidence filed after the date of filing entered because the affidavit or other evidence failed to showing a good and sufficient reasons why it is necessar.	overcome <u>all</u> rejections under appe ry and was not earlier presented. S	al and/or appellant fa ee 37 CFR 41.33(d)(ils to provide a 1).
10. ☐ The affidavit or other evidence is entered. An explanation REQUEST FOR RECONSIDERATION/OTHER	on of the status of the claims after e	ntry is below or attacl	hed.
11. The request for reconsideration has been considered be See Continuation Sheet.	ut does NOT place the application in	n condition for allowa	nce because:
12. Note the attached Information Disclosure Statement(s).	(PTO/SB/08 or PTO-1449) Paper N	lo(s)	/

U.S. Patent and Trademark Office PTOL-303 (Rev. 4-05)

13. 🔲 Other: _____.

Dung C. Dini. Primary Examino

Continuation of 11, does NOT place the application in condition for allowance because: The applicant's arguments are not persuasive. The applicant has argued that there is no suggestion or motivation to combine Handley and Venkatraman and has stated that "There is no suggestion or motivation in Handley to include software code in a SIP message" and "Similarly, there is no suggestion or motivation in Venkatraman to amend POP or SMTP messages to allow storing of software code in those messages." In response, it is noted that the focus of Venkatraman's system is in fact to create a container file that includes executable embedded software to be encrypted in a message. Hence, the combination of Handley and Venkatraman would allow for this type of executable embedded software to be applied with the messages of Handley's system, namely SIP messages, thus meeting the limitations of the claims in question.

The applicant has argued that the systems of Handley and Venkatraman are incompatible since they utilize different protocols. However, it is noted that both systems deal with network communications and one of ordinary skill in the art would have knowledge of a variety of network protocols. Further, both systems are focused on the transfer of multimedia content from one user to another. See Venkatraman, Abstract, and section 3, paragraph 2 of the final action mailed 5/6/2005. Thus, it is maintained that the concepts of the two systems could be reasonably combined.

The applicant has argued that the combination of Handley and Venkatraman does not disclose storing of software in a protocol message. However, Venkatraman clearly states that executable software is embedded into the structure of an email message. Thus, it is clear that Venkatraman supports storing software code in a protocol message. Further, it is noted that this storing step is not a limitation of all of the independent claims.

The applicant has argued that Venkatraman teaches away from the invention since SIP protocol messages are invisible to an end user. Again the applicant is reminded that the rejection is based on the combination of Handley and Venkatraman which incorporates Venkatraman's executable embedded software and the SIP system of Handley. Furthermore, the applicant has supported this argument by stating that an email message (as used in Venkatraman's system) is "a human-to-human message and not a machine-to-machine message." However, it is maintained that email is accepted in the art as being passed from computer to computer or machine to machine. In terms of SIP messages being invisible to an end user, it is again noted that these messages can be used with Internet multimedia conferences and other multimedia distribution. Thus SIP messages, whether or not they are invisible to an end user, are concerned with the transfer of multimedia from one user to another, just as Venkatraman's system